

Moving Forward Together.



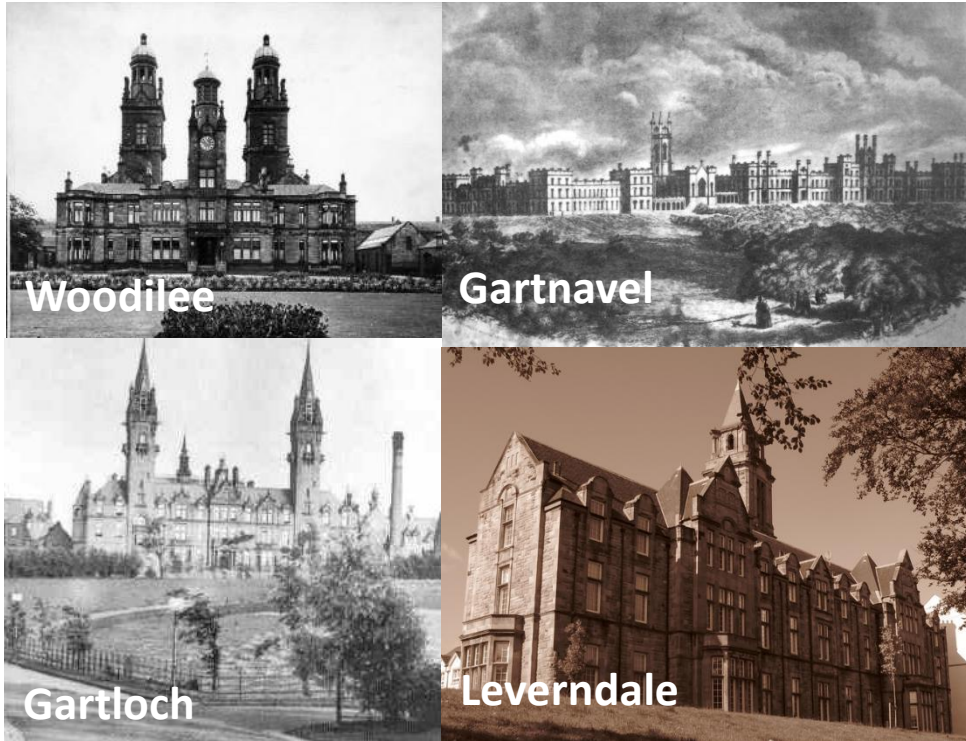
Moving Forward Together

Adult Mental Health Strategy 2018-23

Dr Michael - Smith Lead Associate Medical Director

David Walker - Head of Operations (South)

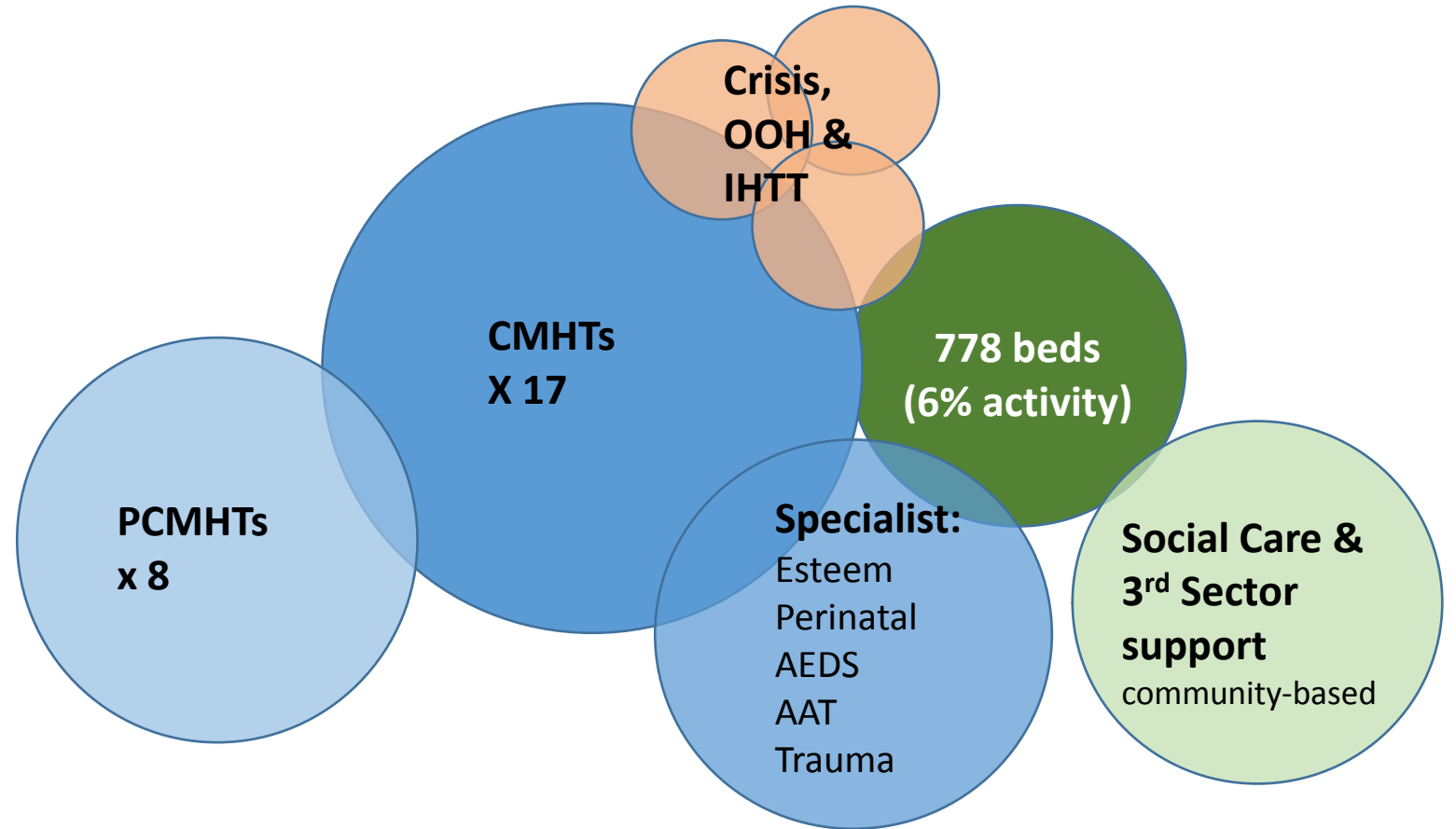
1978: MH care is based in hospitals



**4,370 Glasgow
inpatient beds**

**Consultant- led
outpatient clinics**

1978-2018: care shifts to community



2018-2023
Community, Prevention & Recovery

→ 2023

Open Access

GP Referral

2^o Care Referral

**Recovery, ACEs,
Carer & Primary Care support**

MH link workers, GPs, distress hubs, third sector support, trauma-sensitive care, recovery Colleges, peer support

CMHTs

schizophrenia, bipolar, chronic depression, PD

PCMHTs

depression, anxiety, OCD, PTSD

Unscheduled Care

Liaison
CRHT
distress hubs

20-25% fewer beds
2 or 3 acute sites

Specialist

BPD, bipolar
Esteem
Perinatal
AEDS
AAT
Trauma

Rehabilitation & Recovery

Inpatient and community-based

social care commissioned services

Prevention, ACE reduction:

HSCPs, Education, Health Scotland & partners



Strategic drivers

COMMISSION
THE FUTURE
OF PUBLIC

THE FIVE YEAR
FORWARD VIEW
MENTAL HEALTH

A report from the independent Mental Health Commission to the Scottish Government
February 2016

Clinical Services



GLASGOW
AND ILLICL
COMMISSION

Healthy Minds

The Report on the health of the population
NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde

From the
Director of Public Health

November 2017

Mental Health Strategy:
2017-2027



Healthier
Scotland
Scottish
Government

Strategy: details

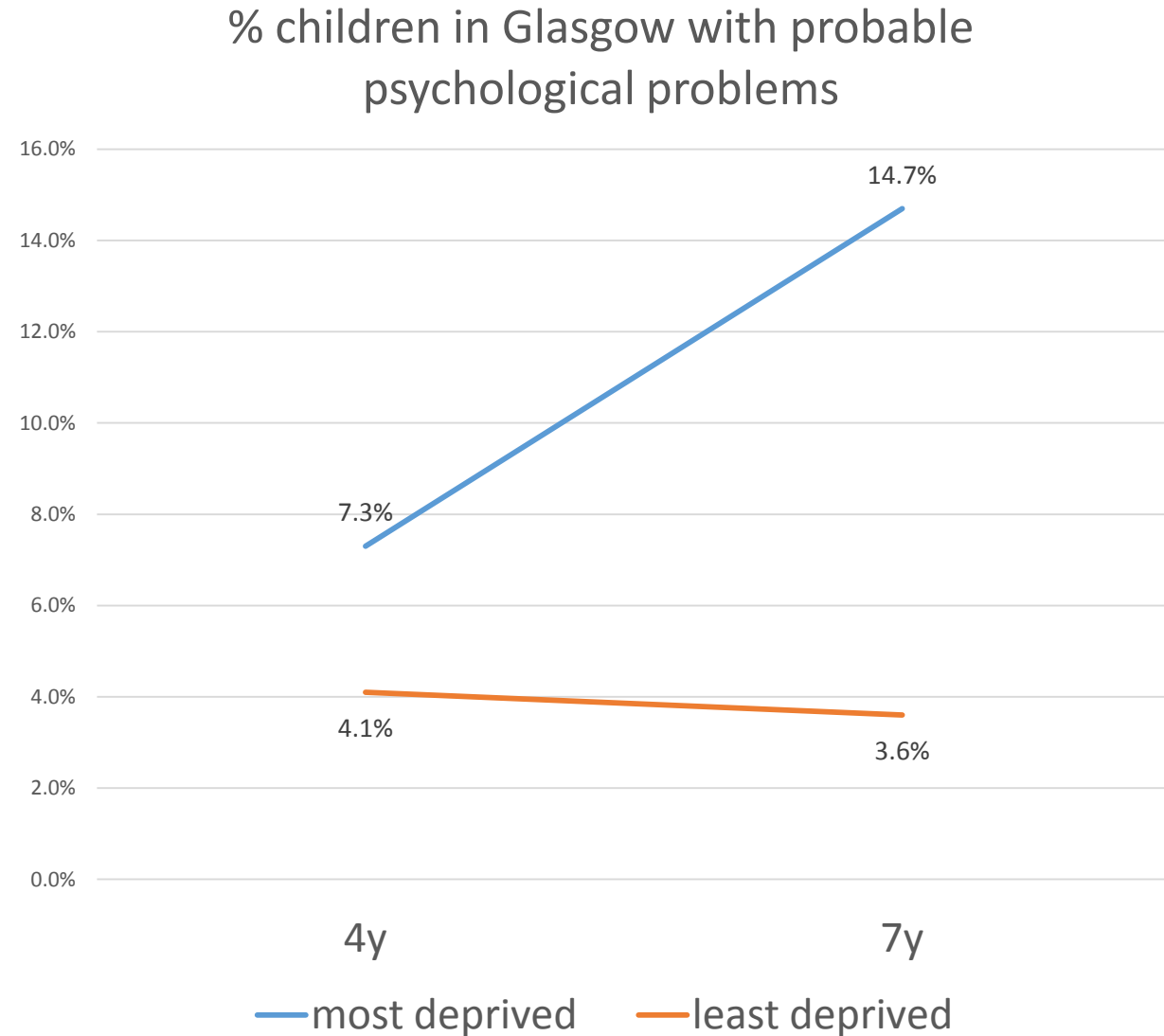
1. Overview
2. Prevention
3. Recovery
4. Unscheduled care
5. Community
6. Inpatient beds
7. Workforce
8. Users and Carers
9. Finance
10. Risks and governance

Strategy: details

1. Overview
- 2. Prevention**
- 3. Recovery**
- 4. Unscheduled care**
- 5. Community**
- 6. Inpatient beds**
7. Users and Carers
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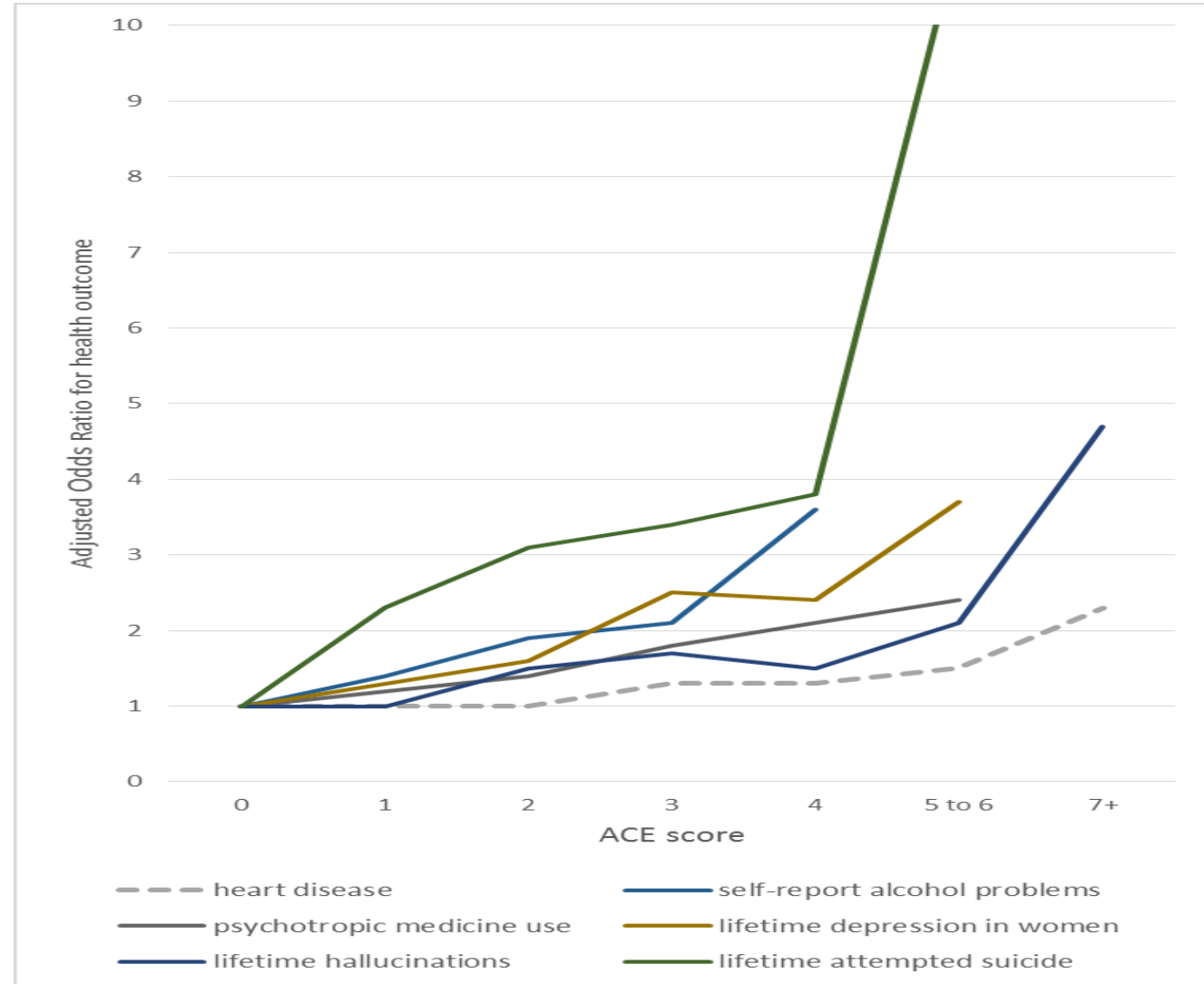
Prevention

- 50% of adult MH problems have begun by 15y
- Once started, MH problems often persist
- Childhood MH problems in Glasgow get worse from 4y to 7y



Prevention: Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs)

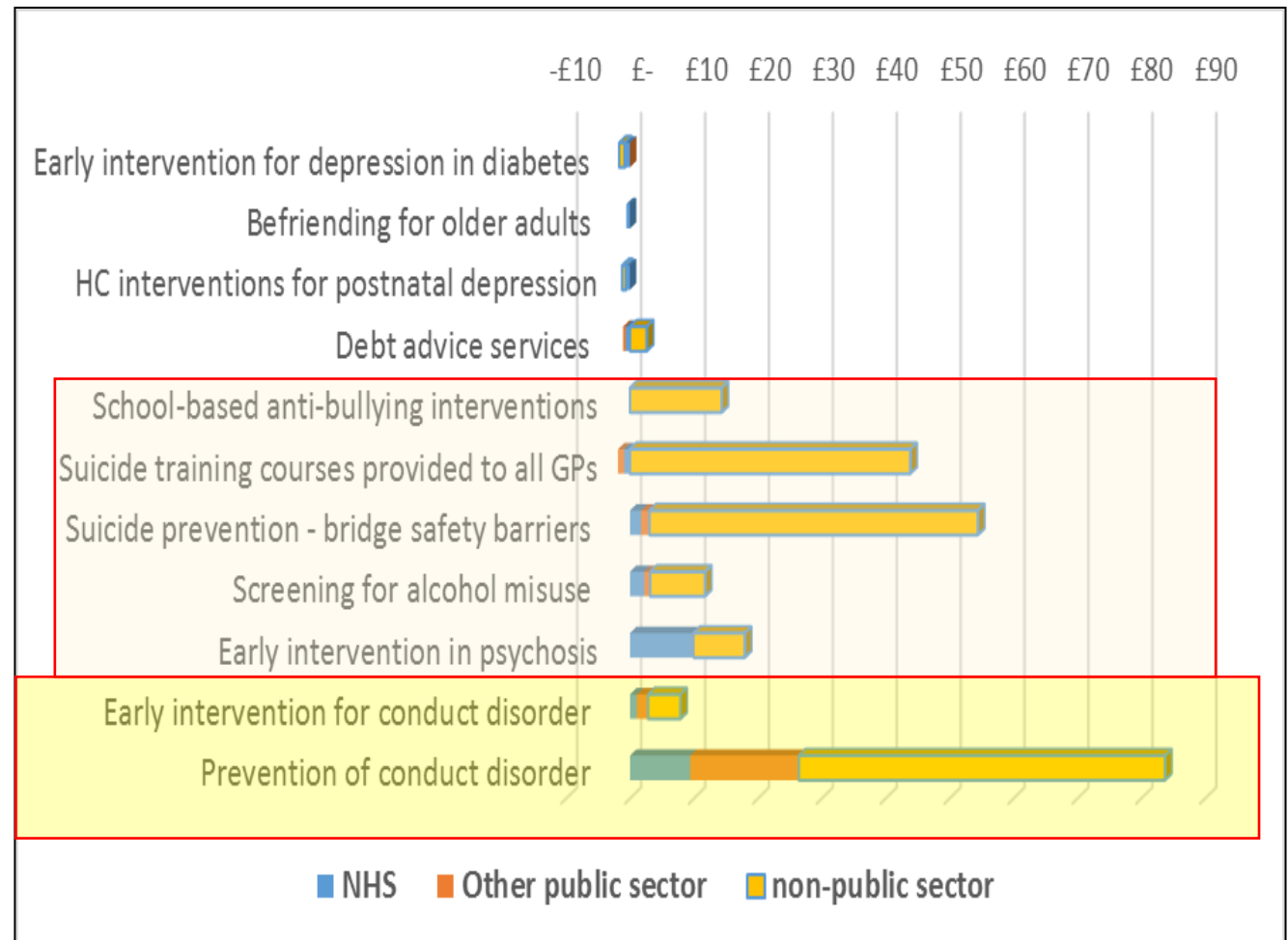
- 6 or more ACEs:
 - Increases risk of heart disease by 50%
 - Increases risk of psychosis x2
 - Increases risk of depression x4
 - Increases risk of alcohol misuse x6
 - Increases risk of suicide x11



Prevention: evidence

Investment can save money:

- Anti-bullying
- Suicide prevention training
- Barriers on bridges
- Screening for alcohol misuse
- Early intervention for psychosis
- Preventing conduct disorder has the highest return



Recovery

- There's more to good health than just having fewer symptoms
- People need to feel they have control of their options
- Professionals should be accessible, but not in charge (“on tap, not on top”)
- England ahead of Scotland in developing services



Recovery

- Good experience in Glasgow addiction services of Recovery Communities & Recovery Hubs – should also apply to MH
- Recovery Colleges in development in Scotland
- Every £1 spent on peer support saves £4.76 in the wider system

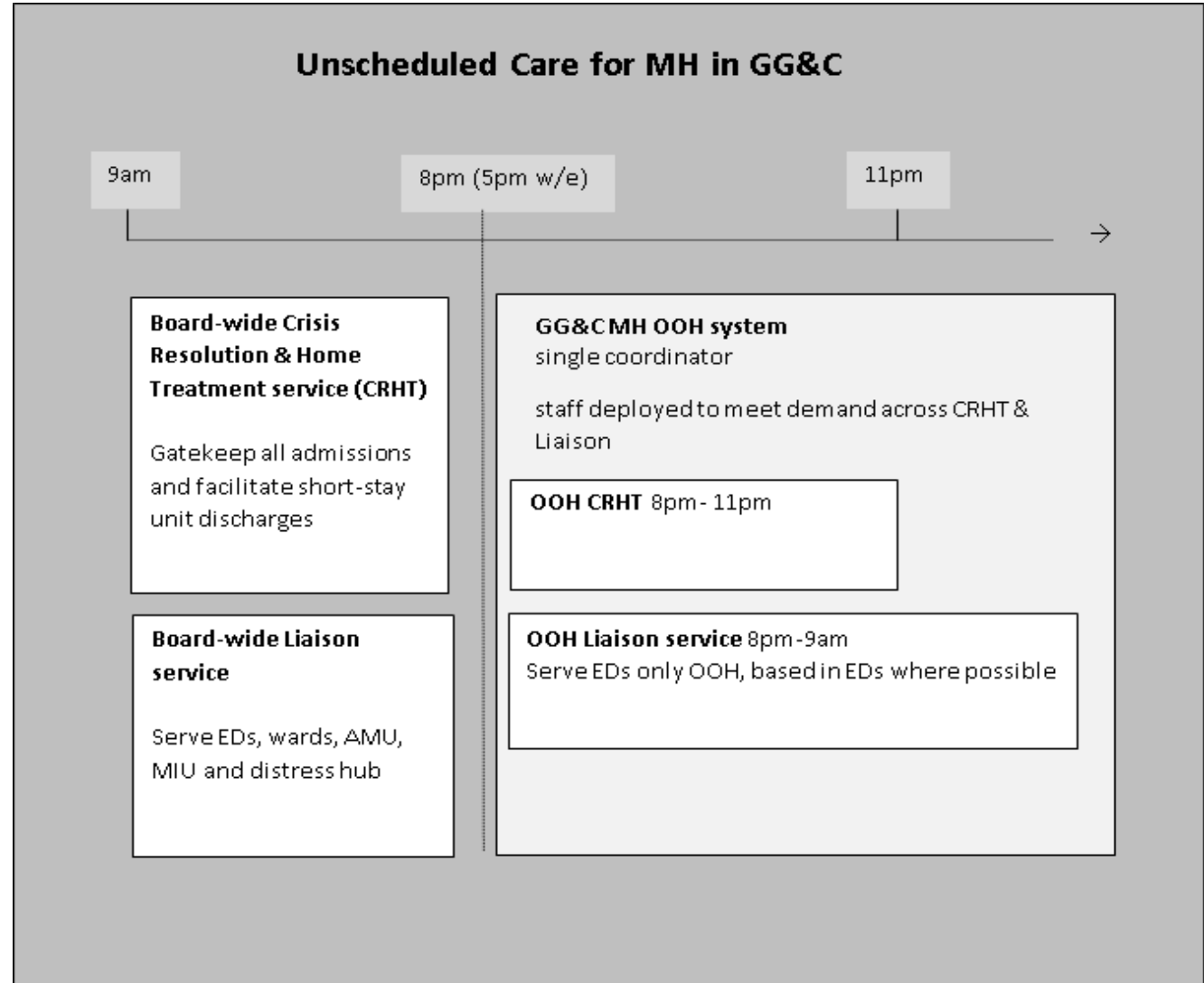
Clinical	Recovery College
Therapist	Tutor
Referral	Registration
Referral to social groups	Engagement with fellow students
Discharge	Graduation

Community

- Productivity and Quality Improvement for CMHTs and specialist teams
 - Manage a 3% increase in demand each year
 - Working with a reduced bed base
- Matched care: “all the care you need, but no more”
- Flow: “Easy in, easy out”
- New initiatives supporting primary care, third sector
 - Recovery, distress, responses to trauma and adversity

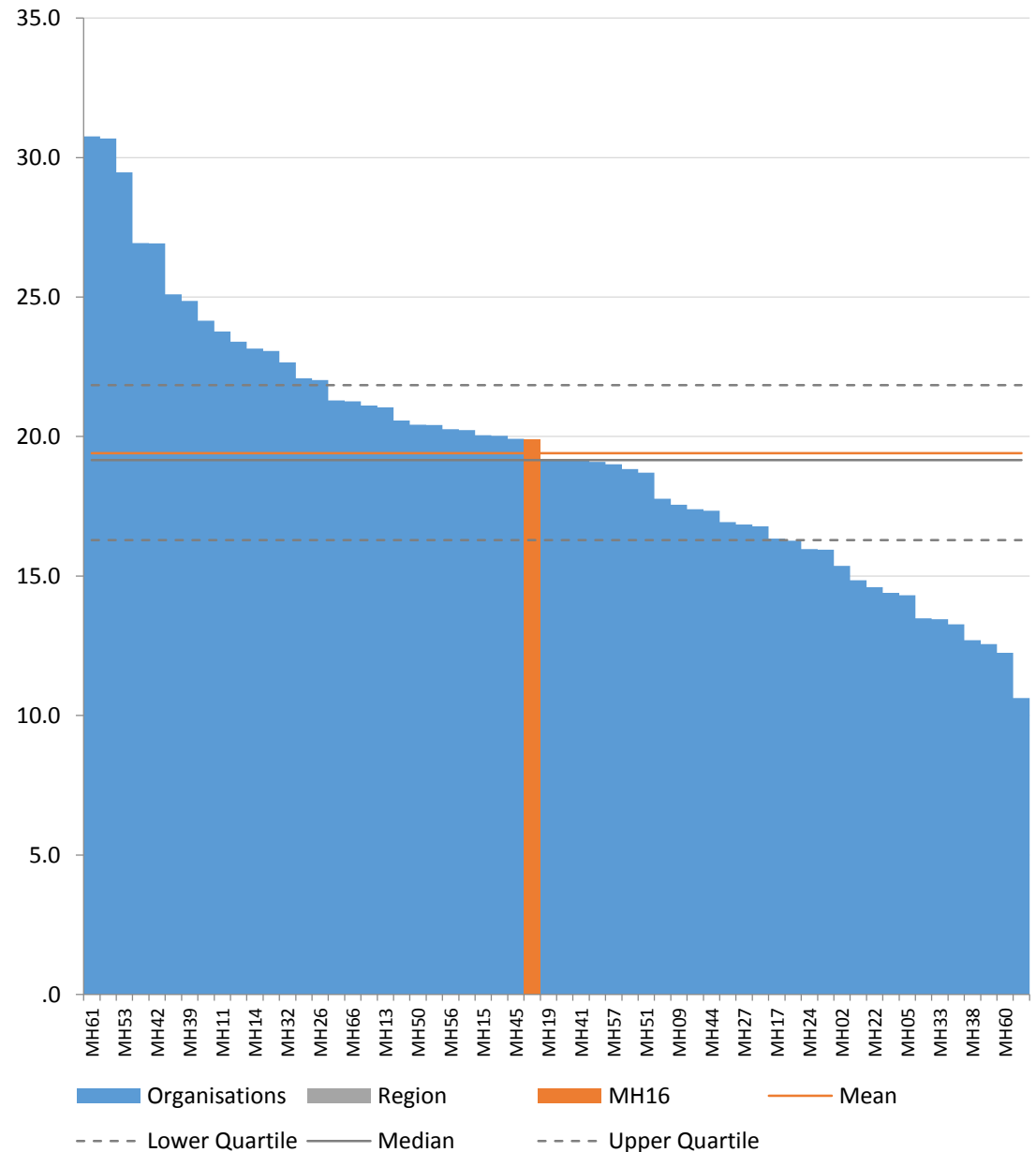
Unscheduled care

- 9am to 8pm (5pm weekends):
 - Teams provide Crisis Resolution and Home Treatment Service (CRHT)
 - Teams provide Board-wide Liaison service to Emergency Departments, wards, Acute Medical Units, Minor Injuries Units
- 8pm to 9am:
 - Single teams provides OOH CRHT and liaison service



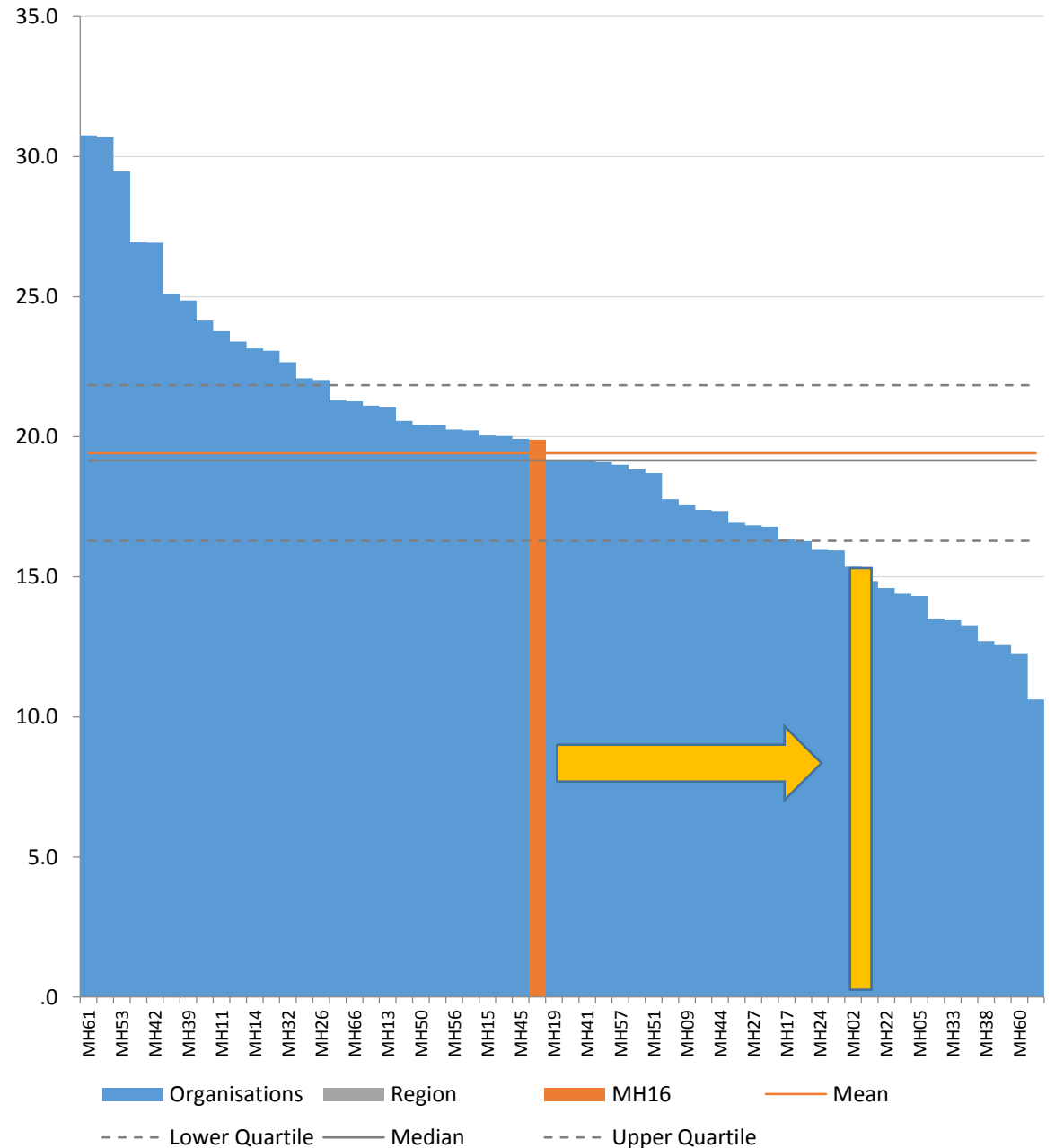
Beds

- GG&C has an average number of short-stay MH beds compared to the rest of the UK (after weighting for deprivation)



Beds

- GG&C has an average number of short-stay MH beds compared to the rest of the UK (after weighting for deprivation)
- Proposed changes will mean GG&C has fewer beds than 75% of the rest of the UK

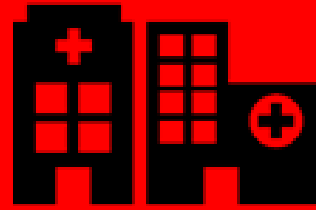


Beds

Change	Bed reductions	Total bed reductions
1. Perform as well as the best-functioning hospital in GGC, with occupancy < 95%	-20	20
2. Reduce stays more than 3 months by 15%	-17	37
3. Reduce need for inpatient care by people with Borderline PD by 50%, through new community-based service	-12	49
4. Reduce admissions by 10% with Board-wide availability of home treatment	-4	53

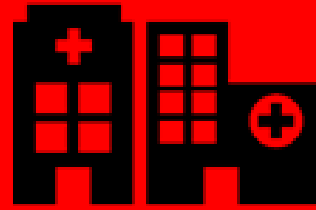
Summary

balance of care



Reduce inpatient beds and invest in alternative forms of health and social care

balance of care



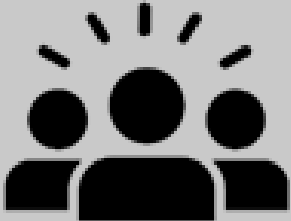






Reduce **inpatient beds** and invest in alternative forms of health and social care

Productivity:
specialisation &
matched care



Enhance **capacity** in CMHTs, PCMHTs
Extend role of specialist teams
Rationalise, consolidate unscheduled care

<p>balance of care</p>		<p>Reduce inpatient beds and invest in alternative forms of health and social care</p>
<p>Productivity: specialisation & matched care</p>		<p>Enhance capacity in CMHTs, PCMHTs</p> <p>Extend role of specialist teams</p> <p>Rationalise, consolidate unscheduled care</p>
<p>Transformational</p>		<p>Task & Resource Shifting: recovery-oriented models of care</p> <p>Quality Improvement: BPD, bipolar disorder</p> <p>Culture change: compassionate, trauma-sensitive care</p>

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<p>Productivity: specialisation & matched care</p>		<p>Enhance capacity in CMHTs, PCMHTs</p> <p>Extend role of specialist teams</p> <p>Rationalise, consolidate unscheduled care</p>
<p>Transformational</p>		<p>Task & Resource Shifting: recovery-oriented models of care</p> <p>Quality Improvement: BPD, bipolar disorder</p> <p>Culture change: compassionate, trauma-sensitive care</p>
<p>Prevention</p>		<p>Focussed investment in conduct disorder, ACE reduction</p>

Implementation challenges

- Scale and pace of major change; ongoing budget pressures, albeit with lower savings than planned
- System-wide commitment & governance
- Need for transformational money to initiate the change (ultimately self-financing)
- Collaboration with primary care & external agencies
- SG directions not yet clear, eg 800 new MH workers
- Reinvesting savings into MH impacts adversely on budget pressures for other services

Questions & Discussion

Glossary

AAT: Adult Autism Team

ACE: Adverse Childhood Experience

AEDS: Adult Eating Disorder Service

BPD: Borderline Personality Disorder

CMHT: Community Mental Health Teams

CRHT: Crisis Resolution Home Treatment

IHTT: Intensive Home Treatment Team

OCD: Obsessive Compulsive Disorder

OOH: Out of hours

PCMHT: Primary Care Mental Health Teams

PTSD: Post Traumatic Stress Disorder